## Angular Observables for Spin Discrimination in Boosted Diboson Final States based on JHEP 1609 (2016) 036 (arXiv:1604.06096) MB and Felix Yu

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Diboson Spin Discrimination

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How to determine the spin of a resonance is well studied, see Higgs:



S.Choi et.al. (2002), see also: J.Dell'Aquilla,

C.Nelson (1986), A.Djouadi et.al. (1994)



# Angular distributions are know analytically

see e.g.: Gao et.al. (2010), Bolognesi et.al. (2012)

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## So what is different?

Resonance masses are heavier (O(TeV)), thus

- Very different background rates
  - ightarrow other V decay channels may be sensitive
- Objects are more boosted
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- 2 TeV excess taught us:
  - From spin-0 to spin-2 everything seems viable
  - Signal can very well show up in the hadronic channels first (higher rate than (semi-)leptonic channels)

We have to study the hadronic channel, but reconstruction difficult:

Spin discrimination still possible?

# How do jet substructure techniques affect angular observables?

Can you optimize searches?

ATLAS @ 8 TeV: Mass-drop filter

ATLAS @ 13 TeV: Trimming + Energy correlation functions CMS @ 8+13 TeV: Pruning + N-subjettiness Idea of jet substrucure (simplified):

- Start with fat jet (R=0.8-1.2)
- Remove contamination from soft radiation
- Identify subjets
- To distinguish between QCD jets (1-prong) and V jets (2-prong) for example require subjets to be balanced  $(y = p_{T,j2}/p_{T,j1} > y_{min})$ .  $y_{min}$  typically 0.1-0.2



Diboson Spin Discrimination



Strong correlation between  $\Delta R$  separation (between subjets) and  $\Delta \eta$ + jets with small  $\Delta R$  are hard to tag

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$$|\cos heta_{q}| pprox rac{1-y}{1+y} \leq rac{1-y_{\min}}{1+y_{\min}}$$

Diboson Spin Discrimination





Ultimately: Test

Model A+Background

against

Model B+Background

Null hvp.	Test hvp.	Discrimin	ator C.L	
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		combined		
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		lcos(θ <sub>q</sub> )l		
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		combined		
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